

# Beginning GTK+ Programming



**KLDPConf**

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Dongsu Jang <jdongsu@pyunji.net>



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- II. GTK+ Architecture**
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# Getting Started



- ☛ **Hello, GTK+!**
- ☛ **The Main Event Loop**
- ☛ **Event, Signal and Callback**
- ☛ **Compile & Run**
- ☛ **./configure;make;make install?**
- ☛ **Glade GUI Builder**
- ☛ **Hello, Glade! - libglade**
- ☛ **i18n**
- ☛ **안녕 , 클레이드 ! - gettext**

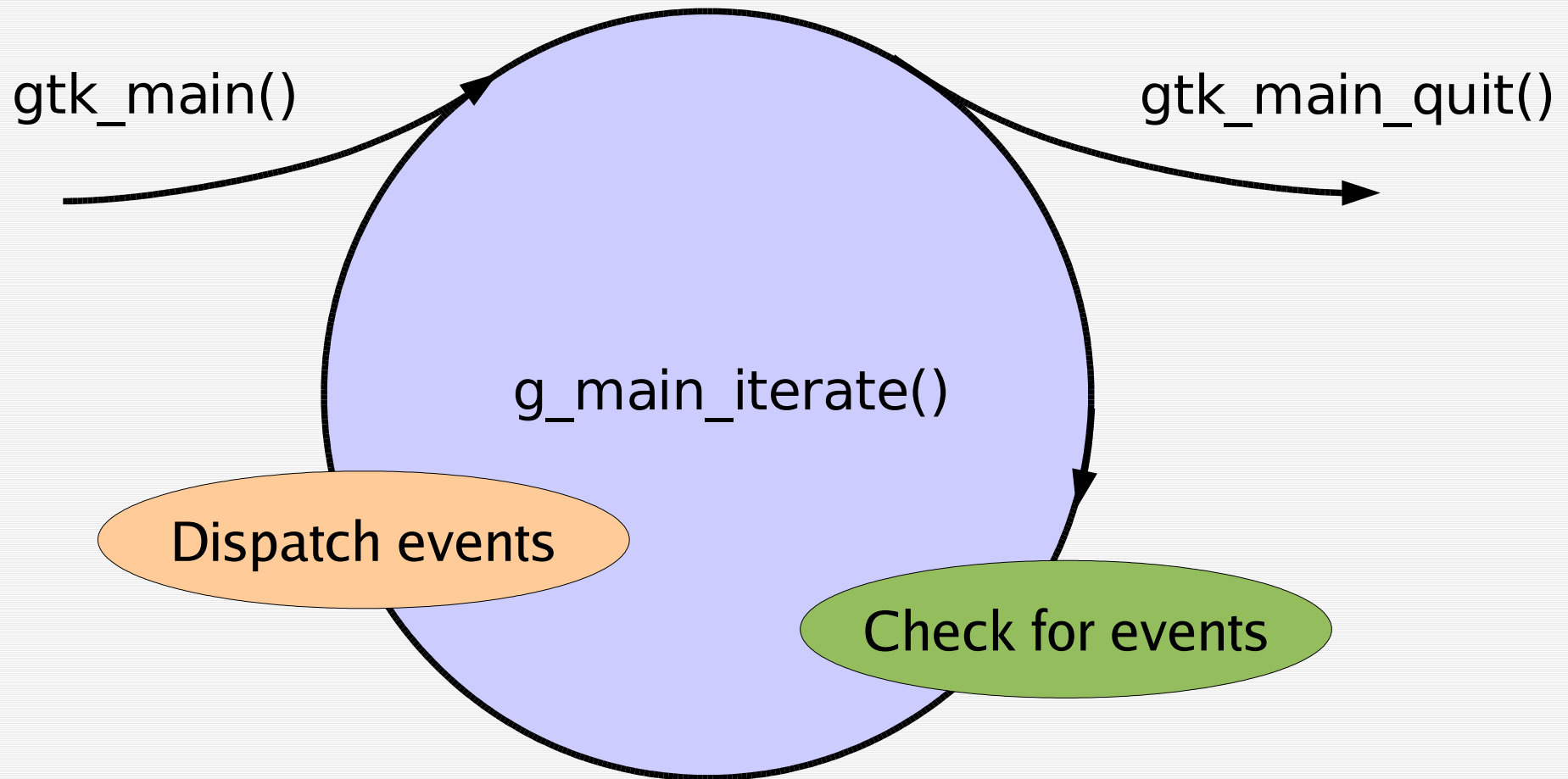
# Hello, GTK+!



```
#include <gtk/gtk.h>

...
int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    GtkWidget *window, *button;
    gtk_init(&argc, &argv);
    window = gtk_window_new(GTK_WINDOW_TOPLEVEL);
    g_signal_connect(window, "destroy",
                     G_CALLBACK(gtk_main_quit), NULL);
    button = gtk_button_new_with_label("Hello, GTK+!");
    g_signal_connect(button, "clicked",
                     G_CALLBACK(hello_clicked), window);
    gtk_container_add(GTK_CONTAINER(window), button);
    gtk_widget_show_all(window);
    gtk_main();
    return 0;
}
```

# The Main Event Loop



# Event, Signal and Callback (1)



- Event Driven Programming:
  - After initial setup, program waits for “events” and reacts for them.
- `gtk_main()` starts event loop and runs until `gtk_main_quit()` is called.
- Low-level events(button presses, keystrokes) handled by GTK+ and converted into high-level signals.
- Signal notification is essential part of GUI
  - Need to find out when, e.g., a button is clicked.
- GTK+ runs all handlers for a specific object and signal.

# Event, Signal and Callback (1)



## ☛ **connect** a **callback** function to **signal**:

```
static void hello_clicked(GtkButton *button,
                          gpointer user_data)
{
    GtkWidget *dialog =
        gtk_message_dialog_new(GTK_WINDOW(user_data),
                               GTK_DIALOG_DESTROY_WITH_PARENT,
                               GTK_MESSAGE_INFO, GTK_BUTTONS_OK,
                               "Hello, GTK+!");
    gtk_dialog_run(GTK_DIALOG(dialog));
    gtk_widget_destroy(dialog);
}

g_signal_connect(button, "clicked",
                 G_CALLBACK(hello_clicked), window);
```

# Event, Signal and Callback (2)



- Set of signals associated with each class
  - Button has "pressed", "released", "clicked", ...
  - Also inherits "focus\_in\_event", "focus\_out\_event" from GtkWidget, etc, etc.

## • Different signals, different signatures:

```
void clicked_cb      (GtkButton      *GtkButton,  
                    gpointer        user_data);  
void row_activated_cb (GtkTreeView   *tree_view,  
                    GtkTreePath   *path,  
                    GtkTreeViewColumn *column,  
                    gpointer        user_data);
```

- Listed in reference documentation
- User data always last argument
- Search “ in DevHelp ; ^)



# Event, Signal and Callback (3)



- Some signals have boolean return values
  - ex. "delete\_**event**", emitted when user clicks on close button in title bar:

```
gboolean delete_event_cb (GtkWidget *widget,  
                          GdkEventAny *event,  
                          gpointer user_data);
```

- Convention is TRUE return stops signal emission
  - TRUE: I handled it, don't do anything more
  - FALSE: I didn't handle it, do whatever you would normally do. (Here, destroy the window)

# Compile & Run



• pkg-config command line utility gives proper compiler, linker flags.

• Note backticks ``

```
$ gcc `pkg-config --cflags --libs gtk+-2.0` -  
g -Wall -o hello hello.c  
$ ./hello
```



• Behind the scenes:

```
$ pkg-config --cflags gtk+-2.0  
-I/usr/include/gtk-2.0 -I/usr/lib/gtk-2.0/include -I/usr/inc  
lude/atk-1.0 -I/usr/include/pango-1.0 -I/usr/X11R6/include  
-I/usr/include/freetype2 -I/usr/include/freetype2/config -  
I/usr/include/glib-2.0 -I/usr/lib/glib-2.0/include  
$ pkg-config --libs gtk+-2.0  
-Wl,--export-dynamic -lgtk-x11-2.0 -lgdk-x11-2.0 -latk-1.0 -  
lgdk_pixbuf-2.0 -lm -lpangoxft-1.0 -lpangox-1.0 -lpango-1.  
0 -lgobject-2.0 -lgmodule-2.0 -ldl -lglib-2.0
```

# ./configure;make;make install? (1)



- What is GNU Build Tools?
  - SeeAlso [KLDPWiki:AutoTools](#)
  - SeeAlso [GnomeKorea:AutoTools](#)
- Setup Work Directory:

```
$ mkdir hello2
$ cd hello2
$ mkdir src
$ mkdir pixmaps
$ cp ../hello1/hello.c src/main.c
$ cp /usr/share/pixmaps/gimp.png pixmaps/hello.png
$ tree
.
|-- pixmaps
|   `-- hello.png
`-- src
     `-- main.c
```

# ./configure;make;make install? (2)



## ☛ Create configure.in:

```
AC_INIT(src/main.c)
AM_CONFIG_HEADER(config.h)
PACKAGE=hello
VERSION=0.2
AM_INIT_AUTOMAKE($PACKAGE,$VERSION)
AC_PROG_CC
AC_PROG_INSTALL
AC_STDC_HEADERS
PKG_CHECK_MODULES(DEPS, gtk+-2.0 >= 2.0)
AC_SUBST(DEPS_CFLAGS)
AC_SUBST(DEPS_LIBS)
AC_OUTPUT([
Makefile
src/Makefile
pixmaps/Makefile
])
```

# ./configure;make;make install? (3)



## ☛ Create Makefile.am:

```
SUBDIRS = src pixmaps
```

## ☛ Create src/Makefile.am:

```
bin_PROGRAMS = hello
hello_SOURCES = main.c
hello_LDADD = $(DEPS_LIBS)
AM_CPPFLAGS = $(DEPS_CFLAGS) \
    -DPIXMAPS_DIR=\"\"$(datadir)/pixmaps\""
```

## ☛ Create pixmaps/Makefile.am:

```
pixmapsdir = $(datadir)/pixmaps
pixmaps_DATA = hello.png
EXTRA_DIST = $(pixmaps_DATA)
```

# ./configure;make;make install? (4)



## ☛ Modify src/main.c:

```
#include "config.h"
gtk_window_set_default_icon_from_file(
    PIXMAPS_DIR "/hello.png", NULL);
```

## ☛ Bootstrapping:

```
$ tree
.
|-- Makefile.am
|-- configure.in
|-- pixmaps
|   |-- Makefile.am
|   `-- hello.png
`-- src
    |-- Makefile.am
    `-- main.c
$ aclocal;autoheader;touch stamp-h;autoconf;automake -a -c
```

# ./configure;make;make install? (5)



## ☛ Compile & Run!

```
$ configure --prefix=$HOME/test  
$ make  
$ make install  
$ PATH=$HOME/test/bin:$PATH hello
```



## ☛ Make a distribution tarball

```
$ make dist  
$ ls hello*  
hello-0.2.tar.gz
```

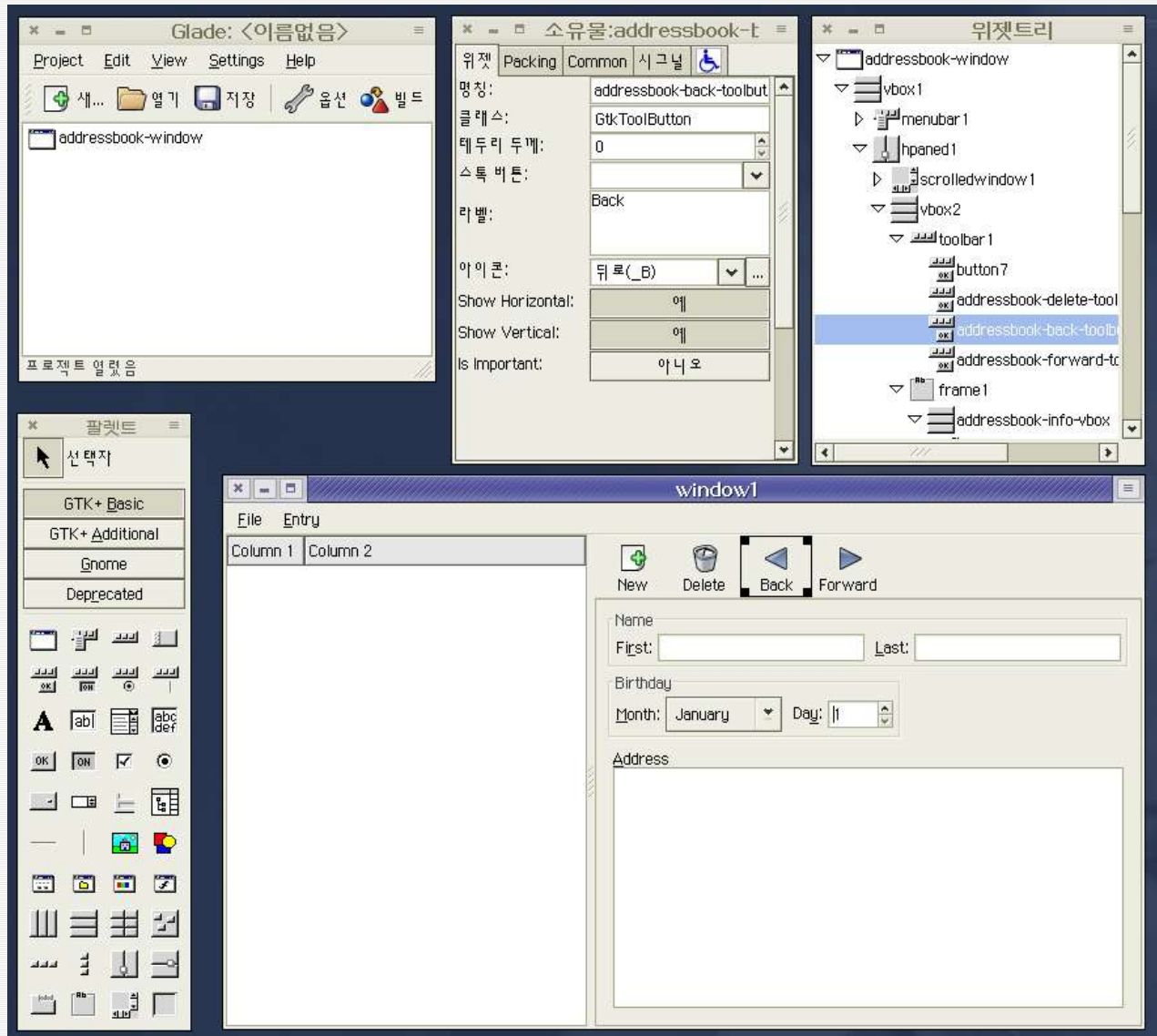
## ☛ Create .cvsignore before cvs commit

```
Makefile  
Makefile.in  
aclocal.m4  
autom4e.cache  
stamp-h*  
...
```

# Glade GUI Builder



- ❖ WYSIWYG GUI editor for visual layouts
- ❖ Saves layouts as XML files(.glade)
- ❖ Generates source code(in C) and projects:  
**DO NOT USE!**





# Hello, Glade! - libglade (1)



- Loads XML layouts into application

```
GladeXML *glade;  
glade = glade_xml_new("hello.glade", "window1", NULL);
```

- Can specify callback names in Glade, have libglade look them them up in program

```
glade_xml_signal_autoconnect(glade);
```

- Functions need to be exported:
  - Have to be public, **not static**
  - `pkg-config --libs libglade` gives proper linker flags

- Provides pointers to widgets for future referenc

```
GtkWidget* button1;  
button1 = glade_xml_get_widget(glade, "button1");
```

# Hello, Glade! - libglade (2)



☛ Modify configure.in & \*/Makefile.am:

```
...  
VERSION=0.3  
...  
PKG_CHECK_MODULES(DEPS, gtk+-2.0 >= 2.0 libglade-2.0 >= 2.0)  
...
```

☛ Modify src/main.c

```
...  
#include <libglade/libglade.h>  
...  
    GladeXML *glade;  
...  
    glade = glade_xml_new(GLADE_DIR "hello.glade", "windo  
w", NULL);  
    glade_xml_signal_autoconnect(glade);  
...
```



- What is i18n?
  - Internationalization
  - SeeAlso l10n, a11y
- All text in GTK+ is:
  - Unicode charset(ISO-10646, 4 bytes per char)
  - UTF-8 encoding(1~4 bytes, ASCII compatible)
- Manipulate unicode with GLib
  - `g_convert()`
  - `g_utf8_xxx()`
  - **`g_locale_to/from_utf8()`**
  - **`g_filename_to/from_utf8()`**
- Provides translations with GNU **gettext**

# 안녕, 글레이드! - gettext (1)



## ☛ Modify src/main.c

```
...
#include <libintl.h>
#include <locale.h>
#define _(text) gettext(text)
...
        _("Hello, Glade!"));
...
#ifdef ENABLE_NLS
    bindtextdomain(GETTEXT_PACKAGE, LOCALE_DIR);
    bind_textdomain_codeset(GETTEXT_PACKAGE, "UTF-8");
    textdomain(GETTEXT_PACKAGE);
#endif
...
```

# 안녕, 글레이드! - gettext (2)



## ☛ Modify configure.in:

```
...  
VERSION=0.4  
...  
AC_PROG_INTLTOOL  
ALL_LINGUAS=""  
AM_GLIB_GNU_GETTEXT  
GETTEXT_PACKAGE=$PACKAGE  
AC_SUBST(GETTEXT_PACKAGE)  
AC_DEFINE_UNQUOTED([GETTEXT_PACKAGE],  
                    ["${GETTEXT_PACKAGE}"], [gettext domain])  
...  
AC_OUTPUT([  
po/Makefile.in  
])  
...
```

# 안녕, 글레이드! - gettext (3)



## ☛ Modify Makefile.am:

```
SUBDIRS = src pixmaps data po
```

## ☛ Modify src/Makefile.am:

```
...  
AM_CPPFLAGS = ... -DLOCALE_DIR=\"\"$(datadir)/locale\""  
...
```

## ☛ Create po & po/POTFILES.in:

```
src/main.c  
data/hello.glade
```

## ☛ Bootstrapping again:

```
$ glib-gettextize -c  
$ aclocal;autoheader;touch stamp-h;autoconf;automake -a -c
```

# 안녕, 글레이드! - gettext (4)



## € Create & Translate ko.po:

```
$ cd po ; make update-po ; cp hello.pot ko.po
```

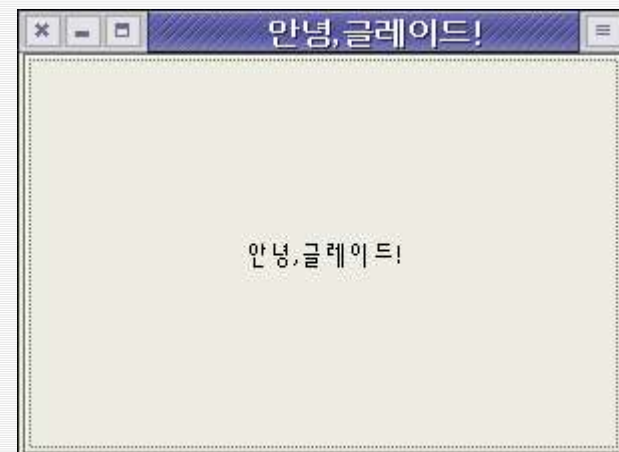
```
...  
"Content-Type: text/plain; charset=UTF-8\n"  
...  
#: src/main.c:15 data/hello.glade:9 data/hello.glade:28  
msgid "Hello, Glade!"  
msgstr "안녕, 글레이드!"
```

## € Modify configure.in again:

```
...  
ALL_LINGUAS="ko"  
...
```

## € Compile & Run!

```
$ ./configure ; make ; make install
```



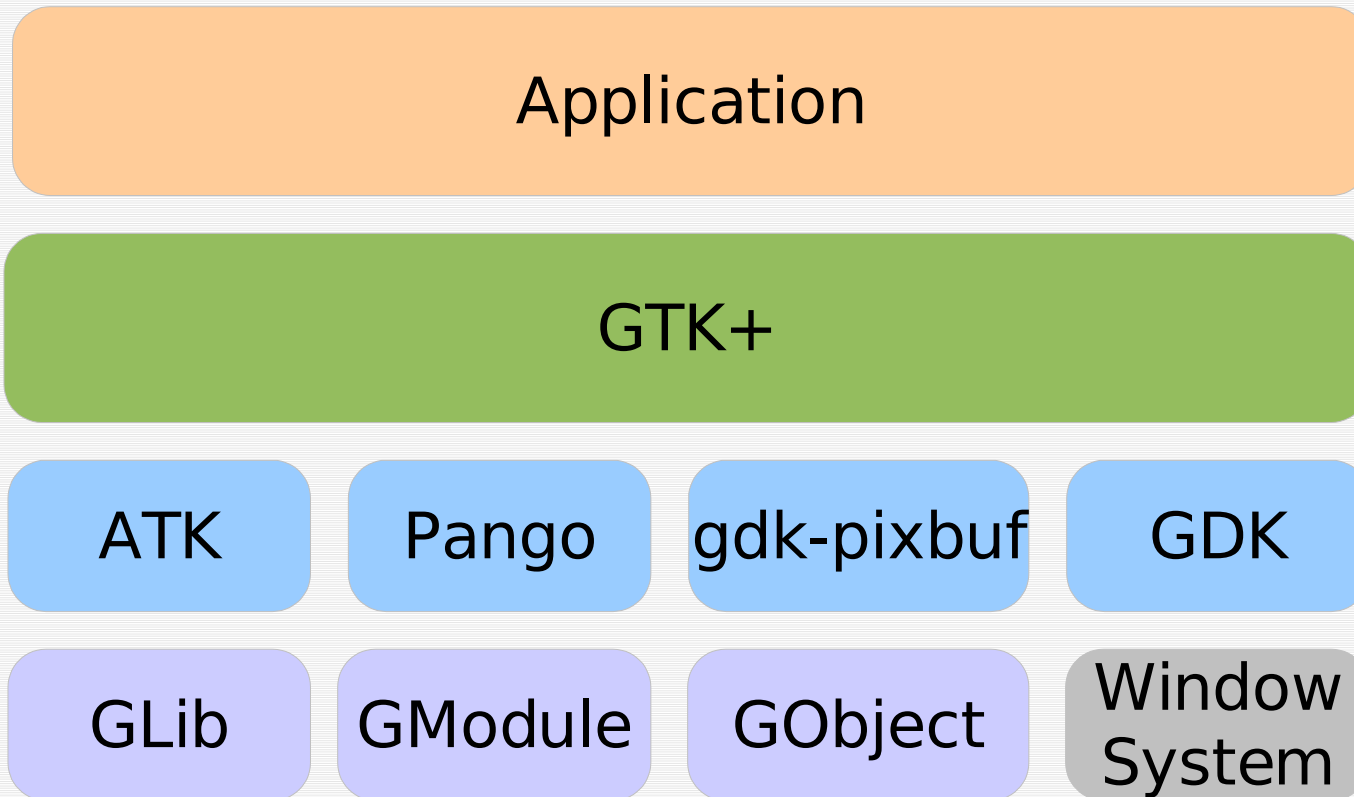
# GTK+ Architecture



- € **Overall Architecture**
- € **GObject Type System**
- € **GObject**
- € **Object Properties**
- € **Ginterface**
- € **Widgets**
- € **Other Features**



# Overall Architecture (1)



# Overall Architecture (2)



## ☛ GLib

- ☛ fundamentals: basic types and macros
  - ☛ core application support: event loop
  - ☛ utilities: thread, string, scanner, xml parser...
  - ☛ data types: linked list, hash table, tree ...
- *Pleasant, Convenient and Portable*

## ☛ GObject

- ☛ generic type system
  - ☛ fundamental type implementations
  - ☛ signal system & notification mechanism
  - ☛ parameter/value system
- *Easy to Map (into Other Languages) Object Oriented Framework for C*

# Overall Architecture (3)



- GModule
  - portable method for dynamically loading '**plug-ins**'
- Pango (Παν 語 )
  - Greek "**Pan**"(All) + Japanese "**Go**"(Language)
  - the layout and rendering framework of internationalized text
- ATK : **Accessability ToolKit**
  - a Set of interfaces for accessibility
  - GAIL is an implementation of ATK for GTK+

# Overall Architecture (4)



## ☛ **GDK : GIMP Drawing Kit**

- ☛ a wrapper around the low-level functions for accessing the underlying windowing functions(Xlib in the case of the X-Window)
- ☛ easy to port into other windowing systems

## ☛ **GdkPixbuf**

- ☛ image loading with custom loader
- ☛ client-side(in memory) image manipulation
- ☛ replaces imlib

# Overall Architecture (5)



- ☛ **GTK+ : GIMP ToolKit**
  - ☛ C-based Object Oriented API
    - ☛ works on many Unix-like platforms(X-Window), Windows, Framebuffer devices, and Console ...
  - ☛ Rich Widget Set
    - ☛ basic widgets: GtkEntry, GtkButton, ...
    - ☛ layout managers: GtkBox, GtkTable
    - ☛ complex widgets: TreeView, TextView
    - ☛ common dialogs: File/Font/Color/Input
    - ☛ action-based Menu/Toolbar
  - ☛ Themeable Look & Feel
  - ☛ LGPL

# GObject Type System



- Object represented by a pointer:  
`GtkWidget *window;`
- Naming convention for methods:  
`gtk_window_set_title(GTK_WINDOW(window), ...);`  
`gtk_container_add(GTK_CONTAINER(window), ...);`  
`gtk_widget_show_all(window);`
- Cast macros:  
`GTK_WINDOW(window);`
- Reference counting - in base GObject class  
`g_object_ref(object);`  
`g_object_unref(object);`
- SeeAlso `GnomeKorea:GObjectTypeSystem`

# GObject (1)



## Declarations(osd.h)

```
G_BEGIN_DECLS
#define TYPE_OSD                (osd_get_type())
#define OSD(object)              (G_TYPE_CHECK_INSTANCE_CAST((object), \
                                                                TYPE_OSD, Osd))
#define OSD_CLASS(klass)        (G_TYPE_CHECK_CLASS_CAST((klass), \
                                                                TYPE_OSD, OsdClass))
#define IS_OSD(object)          (G_TYPE_CHECK_INSTANCE_TYPE((object), TYPE_OSD))
#define IS_OSD_CLASS(klass)     (G_TYPE_CHECK_CLASS_TYPE((klass), TYPE_OSD))

typedef struct _Osd Osd;
typedef struct _OsdClass OsdClass;

GType osd_get_type(void) G_GNUC_CONST;
Osd *osd_new(void);
...
void osd_set_position(Osd * self, gint x, gint y);
void osd_set_text(Osd * self, const gchar * text);
...
G_END_DECLS
```

# GObject (2)



## ☛ Definitions (osd.c)

```
struct _Osd {
    GtkWidget parent;
    GtkWidget *image;
    ...
};

struct _OsdClass {
    GtkWidgetClass parent_class;
    ...
};

Osd *osd_new(void)
{
    Osd *self;
    self = g_object_new(TYPE_OSD, NULL);
    ...
    return self;
}
...
```





## ☛ Type Registration(osd.c):

```
static void osd_class_init(OsdClass * klass);
static void osd_instance_init(Osd * self);
static void osd_instance_finalize(GObject * gobject);
```

```
GType osd_get_type(void)
{
    static const GTypeInfo self_info = {
        sizeof(OsdClass),
        NULL /* base init */, NULL /* base finalize */,
        (GClassInitFunc) osd_class_init,
        NULL /* class finalize */, NULL /* class data */,
        sizeof(Osd), 0,
        (GInstanceInitFunc) osd_instance_init, 0
    };
    static GType self_type = 0;
    if (self_type) return self_type;
    self_type = g_type_register_static(GTK_TYPE_WINDOW, "Osd", &self_info, 0);
    return self_type;
}
```

# GObject (4)



## ☛ Constructor/Destructor(osd.c):

```
static void osd_class_init(OsdClass * klass)
{
    GObjectClass *gobject_class = G_OBJECT_CLASS(klass);
    gobject_class->finalize = osd_instance_finalize;
    ...
}

static void osd_instance_init(Osd * self)
{
    self->image = NULL;
    ...
}

static void osd_instance_finalize(GObject * gobject)
{
    Osd *self = OSD(gobject);
    g_object_unref(self->mask);
    ...
}
```

# Object Properties



- Properties are pre-defined attributes of object

- Set:

Property name

Property Value

```
g_object_set (entry,  
             "text", "Hello World",  
             "cursor_position", 3,  
             NULL /* end of parameters */);
```

- Get:

Terminating NULL

Location to store value

```
g_object_get (entry  
             "text", &text,  
             "cursor_position", &cursor_position,  
             NULL);
```

- Emit “notify” signal when it has been changed

- ☛ Sometimes inheritance not enough
  - ☛ Need multiple inheritance
- ☛ e.g:
  - ☛ GtkFileChooserDialog
    - ☛ Inherits(extends) from GtkDialog
    - ☛ implements GtkFileChooser
  - ☛ GtkListStore
    - ☛ implements GtkTreeModel, GtkTreeSortable, GtkTreeDragSource, and GtkTreeDragDest
- ☛ Cast macros in same way as inheritance:

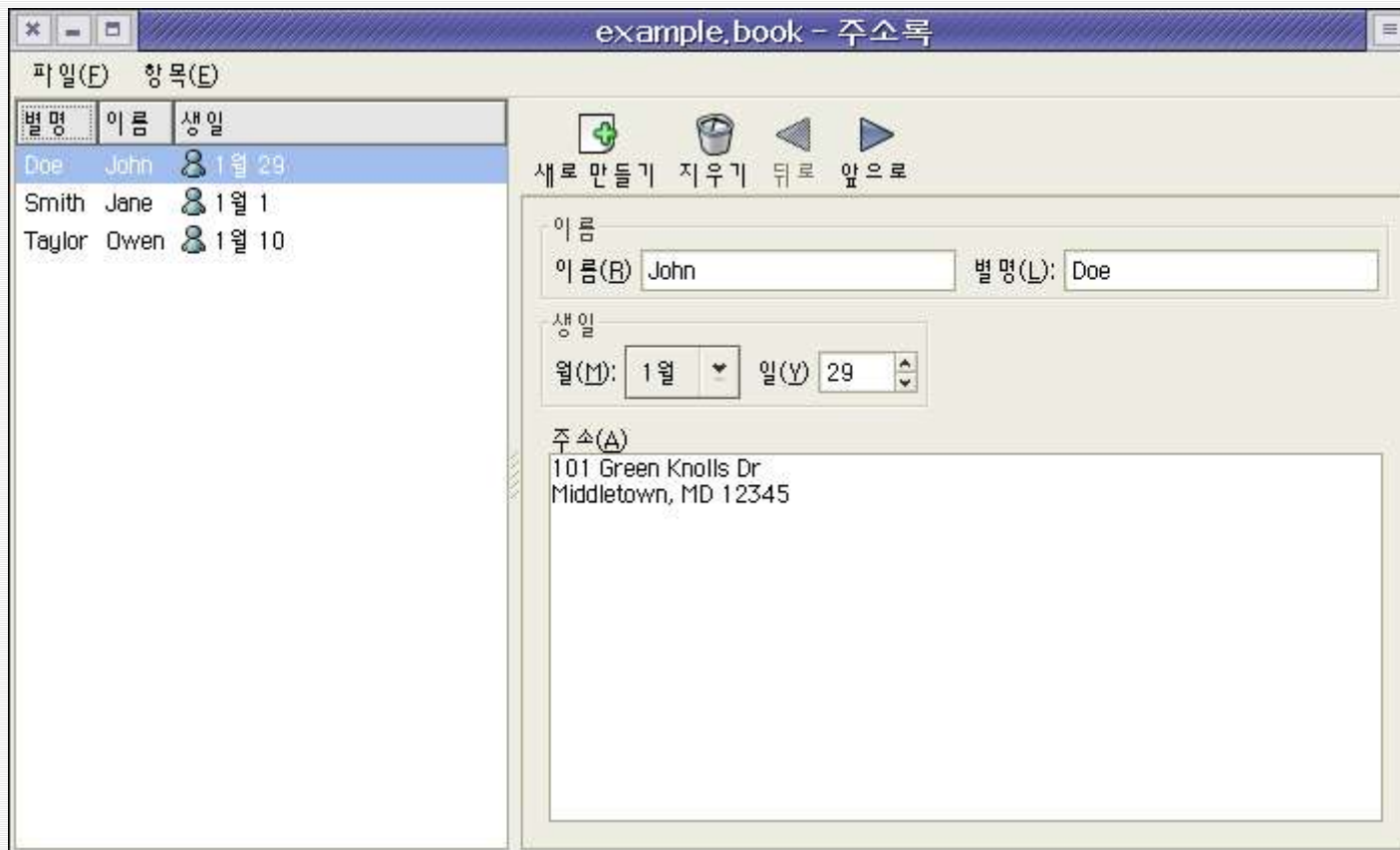
```
GtkFileChooser *chooser = GTK_FILE_CHOOSER(dialog);  
...  
GtkListStore *store = gtk_list_store_new(...)  
gtk_tree_view_set_model(view, GTK_TREE_MODEL(store));
```

- ☛ Creating Widget:
  1. `gtk_*_new_xxx()`
  2. Connect callbacks to signals
  3. Set the attributes of the widget
  4. Pack the widget into a container
  5. `gtk_widget_show()`
- ☛ Casting (SeeAlso GTK+ Widget Hierarchy)
  - ☛ `G_OBJECT(object)`
  - ☛ `G_CALLBACK(function)`
  - ☛ `GTK_WIDGET(widget)`
  - ☛ SeeAlso GTK+ Widget Hierarchy
- ☛ Each an Widget has its own methods, properties and signals



- € **What We Make - AddressBook**
- € **Organizing a Program**
- € **Using Object Data**
- € **UI Layout – GtkBox & GtkTable**
- € **GtkDialog**
- € **Model-View?**
- € **GtkTreeView**
- € **Using Boxed Type**
- € **GdkPixbuf**

# What We Make - AddressBook



# Organizing a Program



- Base around application data structures

```
struct AddressBook
{
    char *filename;
    GtkWidget *window; /* top level window */
    GtkWidget *treeview;
    ...
    GtkTextBuffer *address_textbuffer;
    GtkListStore *list_store;
    gboolean in_change;
    gboolean modified;
};
```

- Often have one structure for a top level window



# Using Object Data



- Way of attaching application data to a widget
- String key identifies each piece of data
  - Store data:

```
g_object_set_data(G_OBJECT(window), "address-book", address_book);
```

- Get data:

```
address_book = g_object_get_data(G_OBJECT(window), "address-book");
```

- Storing object data on top-level widget avoids having to store it on each individual widget:

```
AddressBook *get_address_book(GtkWidget *widget)
{
    GtkWidget *toplevel;
    toplevel = gtk_widget_get_toplevel(widget);
    return g_object_get_data(toplevel, "address-book");
}
```

# UI Layout (1) - GtkBox



- ☛ Layout widgets in a row or column:
  - ☛ GtkHBox: Horizontally
  - ☛ GtkVBox: Vertically
- ☛ Box properties:
  - ☛ homogeneous – Allocate same space to all cells
  - ☛ spacing – Gap between cells
- ☛ Cell properties(for each child widget):
  - ☛ expand – Allocate remaining(excess) space?(not used with homogeneous)
  - ☛ fill – Child fills allocated space?
  - ☛ padding – Gap around child(left/right or top/bottom edges)

```
GtkWidget* box = gtk_hbox_new(homogeneous, spacing);  
gtk_box_pack_start(GTK_BOX(box), child, expand, fill, padding);
```

# UI Layout (2) - GtkTable



- GtkTable allows for grid based layout
- Specify child position by left, right, top, bottom edges. (Glade specify top, left, colspan, rowspan)
- Also specify options (expand, fill) and padding for each dimension

```
gtk_table_attach(GTK_TABLE(table), child,  
                /* x */                /* y */  
/* attach */    0, 1,                0, 1,  
/* options */   GTK_EXPAND | GTK_FILL, GTK_FILL,  
/* padding */   0,                    0);
```

- **Hierarchy of containers defines layout**
- SeeAlso GtkPaned, GtkFixed, GtkButtonBox ...
- SeeAlso **GNOME HIG**

# GtkDialog (1)



- Window widget with buttons
  - Each button has a (label, response id) pair
- Two usage of GtkDialog
  - Modal – Easy to use
  - Modales – IMO, Preferred for the most
- GtkMessageDialog
  - GtkDialog that just holds a message
  - Use printf() style format string

```
gtk_message_dialog_new (parent_window,  
                        GTK_DIALOG_DESTROY_WITH_PARENT,  
                        GTK_MESSAGE_WARNING,  
                        GTK_BUTTONS_OK,  
                        "Error when printing: %s",  
                        error->message);
```

# GtkDialog (2)



```
GtkWidget *dialog;
dialog = gtk_dialog_new_with_buttons("My dialog", main_app_window,
                                     GTK_DIALOG_MODAL | GTK_DIALOG_DESTROY_WITH_PARENT,
                                     GTK_STOCK_OK, GTK_RESPONSE_OK,
                                     GTK_STOCK_CANCEL, GTK_RESPONSE_CANCEL,
                                     NULL);
GtkResponseType response = gtk_dialog_run(GTK_DIALOG(dialog));
switch (result) {
case GTK_RESPONSE_OK:
    ...
}
gtk_widget_destroy(dialog);
```

**pairs of button (label, response id)**

```
...
g_signal_connect(dialog, "response", G_CALLBACK(response_cb), NULL);
gtk_widget_show_all(dialog);
...
void response_cb(GtkDialog *dialog, gint response, gpointer data) {
    ...
}
```

# Model-View?



- Widgets so far are small and simple
- GTK+ has two widgets for display of large amounts of information:
  - GtkTextView: multiple line text display
  - GtkTreeView: trees and lists (a list is just a flat tree)
- Split apart widget(**view**) from data store (**model**)
  - GtkTextView: GtkTextBuffer
  - GtkTreeView: GtkTreeModel (GtkListStore, GtkTreeStore, ...)
- Can have multiple views of same model

# GtkTextView (1)



```
GtkWidget *view;
GtkTextBuffer *buffer;
GtkTextIter start, end;
char *text;

view = gtk_text_view_new (NULL); /* NULL - create new buffer */
buffer = gtk_text_view_get_buffer (GTK_TEXT_VIEW (view));

/* Set text */
gtk_text_buffer_set_text (buffer, "Some Text");

/* Get text */
gtk_text_buffer_get_start_iter (buffer, &start);
gtk_text_buffer_get_end_iter (buffer, &end);
text = gtk_text_buffer_get_text (buffer,
                                &start, &end, /* range */
                                FALSE); /* include invisible? */

g_print ("The text is %s\n", text);
g_free (text);
```

# GtkTextView (2)



## ☛ Iterator - GtkTextIter

- ☛ Refer to a track of a place in data(GtkTextBuffer)
- ☛ Methods to navigate (iterate) through the data

```
GtkTextIter iter;  
gtk_text_buffer_get_start_iter(buffer, &iter);  
gtk_text_iter_forward_lines(&iter, 10);  
gtk_text_iter_forward_chars(&iter, 10);
```

## ☛ Temporary

- ☛ Changes in buffer invalidate iterator
- ☛ Use GtkTextMark for permanent “bookmark”

## ☛ Can add styles(GtkTextTag) to data

```
gtk_text_buffer_insert_with_tags(buffer, &iter, text, len, tag, ...);
```

## ☛ Can add image(GdkPixbuf) to data

```
gtk_text_buffer_insert_image(buffer, &iter, pixbuf);
```



# GtkTreeView (1)




- Handles both lists and trees
- Model/View: Data stored separately from widget
- GtkTreeView: The widget
- GtkTreeModel: data interface
  - GtkListStore: for Flat data
  - GtkTreeStore: for Heirarchical data
  - Can also create custom models (but difficult) :(

# GtkTreeView (2)



- Lists and trees have multiple columns(GtkTreeViewColumn) of information
- Each column drawn by one or more renderers(GtkCellRender\*)

Country	Representative
 Iraq Cuba Korea	Saddam Hussein Fidel Castro Ruz Noh Mu Hyeon

GtkCellRenderPixbuf

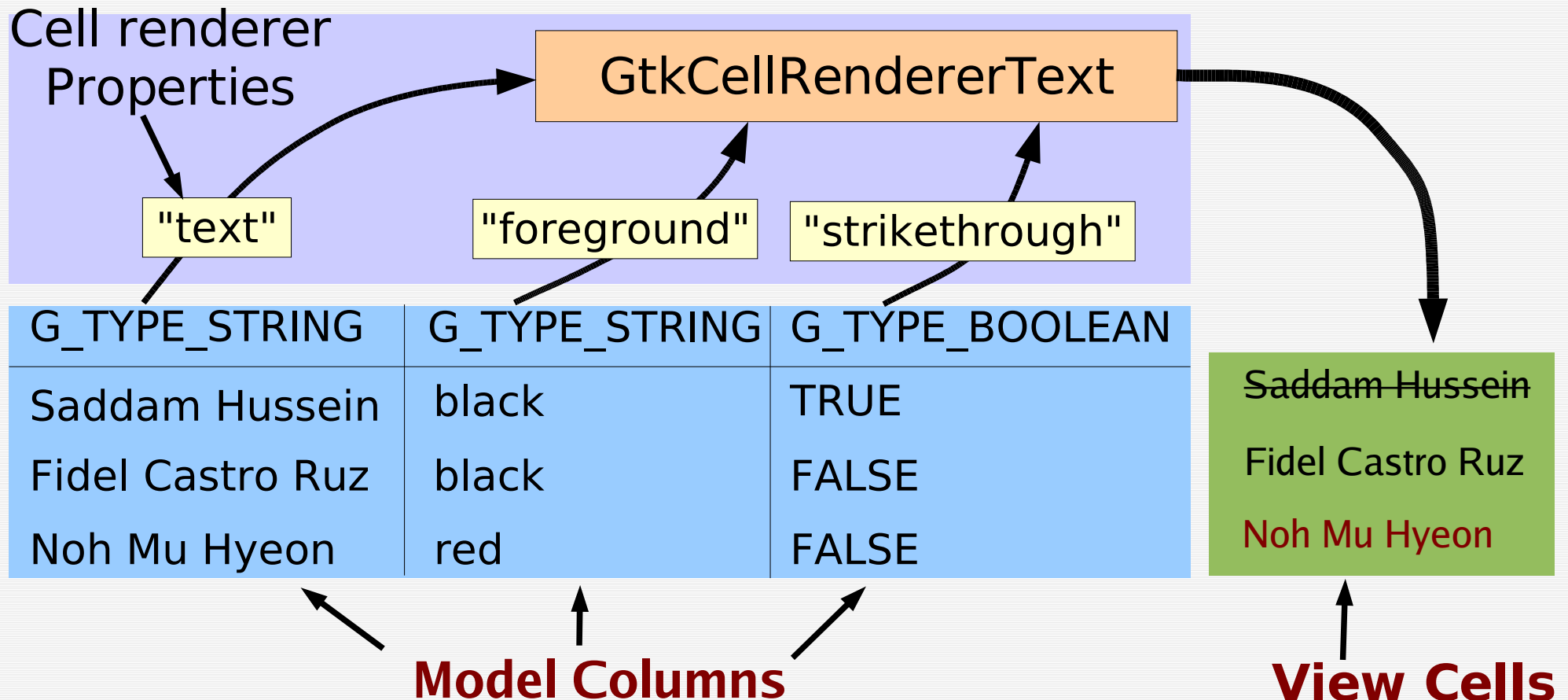
GtkCellRenderText

GtkCellRenderText

# GtkTreeView (3)



- Properties for each cell renderer are set, row by row, from the GtkTreeModel



# GtkTreeView (4)



- Each GtkTreeModel has some number of columns, each with a type
  - G\_TYPE\_STRING
  - G\_TYPE\_BOOLEAN
  - G\_TYPE\_INTEGER
  - G\_TYPE\_PIXBUF(Image)
  - G\_TYPE\_POINTER(used with data function)
- Every row in model stores one item in each column
- GtkTreeIter points to a single row in model

# GtkTreeView (5)



## ☛ Append a new row:

```
enum { NAME_COLUMN, COLOR_COLUMN, STRIKETHROUGH_COLUMN };

GtkListStore *list_store;
GtkTreeIter iter;

list_store = gtk_list_store_new (3 /* number of columns */,
                                G_TYPE_STRING,
                                G_TYPE_STRING,
                                G_TYPE_BOOLEAN);

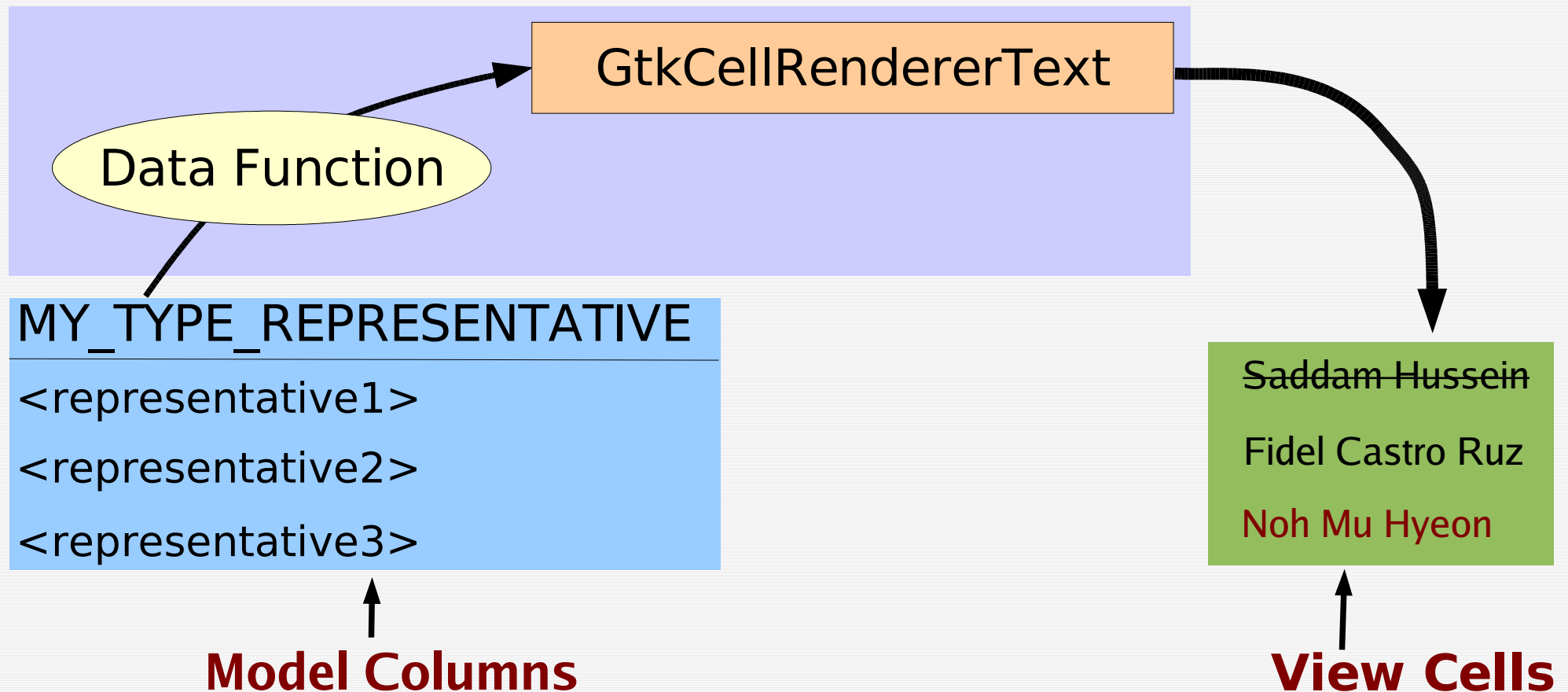
gtk_list_store_append (list_store, &iter);

gtk_list_store_set (list_store, &iter,
                   NAME_COLUMN, "Noh Mu Hyeon",
                   COLOR_COLUMN, "red",
                   STRIKETHROUGH_COLUMN, FALSE,
                   -1 /* end of arguments */ );
```

# GtkTreeView (6)



- Can use data function to set all properties from a single column



# GtkTreeView (7)



☛ Provide cell renderer properties with callback:

```
static void
name_data_func (GtkTreeViewColumn *tree_column,
                GtkCellRenderer  *cell,
                GtkTreeModel      *tree_model,
                GtkTreeIter       *iter,
                gpointer           data)
{
    Representative *rep;

    gtk_tree_model_get (tree_model, iter,
                       REPRESENTATIVE_COLUMN, &rep,
                       -1);

    g_object_set (cell,
                 "text", representative_get_name (rep),
                 "strikethrough", !representative_made_quota (rep),
                 NULL);
    representative_unref (rep);
}
```

# Using Boxed Type



- Reference counted structure
- Easy to write than GObject
- e.g. Need to tell GTK+ about AddressEntry in order to use in a GtkListStore

```
#define ADDRESS_TYPE_ENTRY (address_entry_get_type ())

GType address_entry_get_type (void)
{
    static GType our_type = 0;
    if (our_type == 0)
        our_type = g_boxed_type_register_static ("AddressEntry",
                                                (GBoxedCopyFunc) address_entry_ref,
                                                (GBoxedFreeFunc) address_entry_unref);
    return our_type;
}
```



# GtkTreeView (8)



- Selection - GtkTreeSelection
  - Auxilliary object representing current selection
  - Methods for retrieving currently selected rows
  - Signal "selection\_changed" for reacting to changes
  - Selection mode setting: `gtk_tree_selection_set_mode()`
    - `GTK_SELECTION_SINGLE`: 0 or 1 row selected
    - `GTK_SELECTION_BROWSE`: 1 row selected
    - `GTK_SELECTION_MULTIPLE`: 0-N rows selected
- Iteration - GtkTreeIter, GtkTreePath, GtkTreeRowReference

# GtkTreeView (9)



- ☛ Sorting – GtkTreeSortable
  - ☛ Idea: User clicks on column header to sort on that column
  - ☛ But how does GtkTreeView now how to sort on a view column?
    - ☛ Might have multiple renderers, custom renderer, etc.
  - ☛ Idea: Application sets sort column ID for each column in the view.
  - ☛ Default action for sort column ID N is to sort on model column N
  - ☛ Possible to also set custom sorting for a sort ID (useful for a data func)

# GtkTreeView (10)



## ☛ Sorting example:

```
gtk_tree_sortable_set_sort_func (GTK_TREE_SORTABLE (list_store),  
                                SORT_BIRTHDAY,  
                                compare_birthday, NULL, NULL);
```

```
int compare_firstname (GtkTreeModel *model,  
                      GtkTreeIter *a, GtkTreeIter *b,  
                      gpointer      user_data)  
{  
    AddressEntry *entry_a, *entry_b;  
    int result;  
    gtk_tree_model_get (model, a, 0, &entry_a, -1);  
    gtk_tree_model_get (model, b, 0, &entry_b, -1);  
    result = strcmp (entry_a->firstname, entry_b->firstname);  
    address_entry_unref (entry_a);  
    address_entry_unref (entry_b);  
    return result;  
}
```

# GdkPixbuf (1)



- GdkPixbuf represents an image
- Can load/save many image types
  - PNG, JPEG, GIF, TIFF, BMP, ICO, TGA, ANI, XBM, XPM, WBMP, PCX, RAS
  - Also extensible: libsvg installs SVG loader
  - \$ gdk-pixbuf-query-loaders
- Direct client-side pixel access.
  - GdkPixbuf - client-side image, directly manipulate pixels
  - GdkPixmap – server-side image(X11 port), GDK drawing primitives, no direct pixel access

# GdkPixbuf (2)



## ☛ Scaling & Converting into JPEG:

```
GdkPixbuf *pixbuf, *pixbuf2;
GError *error = NULL;

pixbuf = gdk_pixbuf_new_from_file ("my.png", &error);
if (!pixbuf) {
    g_printerr ("Unable to load image: %s\n",
                error->message);
    g_error_free (error);
} else {
    pixbuf2 = gdk_pixbuf_scale_simple(pixbuf, 100, 100,
                                     GDK_INTERP_BILINEAR);
    gdk_pixbuf_save (pixbuf2, "my.jpg", "jpeg", &error,
                    "quality", "100", NULL);
    g_object_unref (pixbuf2);
    g_object_unref (pixbuf);
}
```

# More Information



- ☞ **Additional Libraries**
- ☞ **Language Bindings**
- ☞ **Developer Tools**
- ☞ **References**

# Additional Libraries



- glib – Portability to Platform(esp. C Runtime)
- gdk – Portability to Window System
- pango - I18n
- atk - A11y
- gdkpixbuf – Image Manipulation
- libgnome/libgnomeui – ...?
- libbonobo/libbonoboui – CORBA based Component / Compound Document
- libxml/libxslt – XML parser/XSLT processor
- libgnomedb/libgda – Data access with widgets
- gconf – Registry better than registry
- gnomevfs – Yet another virtual file system
- gstreamer – Multimedia Framework

# Language Bindings



Language	Binding	Homepage
Ada	GtkAda	<a href="http://libre.act-europe.fr/GtkAda/">http://libre.act-europe.fr/GtkAda/</a>
C++	Gnomemm/gtkmm	<a href="http://www.gtkmm.org/">http://www.gtkmm.org/</a>
C++	Inti	<a href="http://inti.sourceforge.net/">http://inti.sourceforge.net/</a>
C#	GTK#/Mono	<a href="http://gtk-sharp.sourceforge.net/">http://gtk-sharp.sourceforge.net/</a> <a href="http://go-mono.com/">http://go-mono.com/</a>
Java	Java-GNOME	<a href="http://gtk-sharp.sourceforge.net/">http://gtk-sharp.sourceforge.net/</a>
Objective-Caml	LablGTK	<a href="http://wwwfun.kurims.kyoto-u.ac.jp/soft/olabl/lablgtk.html">http://wwwfun.kurims.kyoto-u.ac.jp/soft/olabl/lablgtk.html</a>
Perl	gtk2-perl	<a href="http://gtk2-perl.sourceforge.net/">http://gtk2-perl.sourceforge.net/</a>
Python	PyGnome/PyGTK	<a href="http://www.daa.com.au/~james/pygtk/">http://www.daa.com.au/~james/pygtk/</a>
Ruby	Ruby-GNOME2	<a href="http://ruby-gnome2.sourceforge.jp/">http://ruby-gnome2.sourceforge.jp/</a>
Scheme	Guile-gtk/Guilt-gobject	<a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/guile-gtk/">http://www.gnu.org/software/guile-gtk/</a>
TCL	Gnocl	<a href="http://www.dr-baum.net/gnocl/">http://www.dr-baum.net/gnocl/</a>



# Developer Tools



- ☛ Anjuta - Full-featured IDE
  - ☛ Syntax highlighting editor
  - ☛ Debugger
  - ☛ Project manager
- ☛ Glade - GUI builder
- ☛ DevHelp – Fancy document viewer
- ☛ MemProf – memory profiler with leak detection
- ☛ Gob2 - GObject generator
- ☛ Meld – Visual diff with CVS support
- ☛ vim, emacs and so on...

# References



- ☺ Owen Tyler's Presentation - <http://people.redhat.com/otylertutorial/guadec2003/>
- ☺ Bo Mjewski's Tutorial
- ☺ Official GTK 2.0 Tutorial
- ☺ API Documents - <http://developer.gnome.org/>
- ☺ GTK+ Official Homepage - <http://gtk.org>
- ☺ GIMP Official Homepage - <http://gimp.org>
- ☺ GNOME Official Homepage - <http://gnome.org>
- ☺ GNOME Korea Official Homepage - <http://gnome.or.kr>
- ☺ IBM developerWorks - <http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/>
- ☺ Special Thanks to <http://google.com> ;)